




## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product identifier:** TIOSOL 800
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**  
Relevant uses: Fungicide for agricultural use. For professional user only.  
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:**  
Sipcam Inagra S.A.  
C\ Profesor Beltrán Báguena Nº 5  
46009 Valencia - Valencia - Spain  
Phone.: +34 963483500 - Fax: +34 963482721  
sipcaminagra@sipcam.es  
www.sipcam.es
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:** +34 961702100 (only Spanish)

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION \*\*

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**  
**CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:**  
Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.  
Skin Sens. 1A: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1A, H317
- 2.2 Label elements:**  
**CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:**  
**Warning**  
  
**Hazard statements:**  
Skin Sens. 1A: May cause an allergic skin reaction  
**Precautionary statements:**  
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray  
Wear protective gloves and protective clothing  
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap  
**Supplementary information:**  
Contains 2,2',2''-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol. May produce an allergic reaction  
To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use  
**Other regulatory indications (Regulation EU 547/2011):**  
Do not contaminate water with the product or its container (Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads).
- 2.3 Other hazards:**  
Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

*\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version*

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS \*\*

- 3.1 Substance:**  
Non-applicable
- 3.2 Mixture:**  
**Chemical description:** Mixture composed of additives and biocides  
**Components:**  
In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

*\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version*

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### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS \*\* (continued)

Identification	Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS: 7704-34-9 EC: 231-722-6 Index: 016-094-00-1 REACH: 01-2119487295-27-XXXX	<b>Sulfur<sup>(1)</sup></b> ATP ATP01		<b>50 - &lt;100 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning	
CAS: 107-21-1 EC: 203-473-3 Index: 603-027-00-1 REACH: 01-2119456816-28-XXXX	<b>Ethanediol<sup>(1)</sup></b> Self-classified		<b>2,5 - &lt;5 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H302; STOT RE 2: H373 - Warning	
CAS: 81065-51-2 EC: Non-applicable Index: Non-applicable REACH: Non-applicable	<b>Naphthalenesulfonic acid, methyl-, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt<sup>(1)</sup></b> Self-classified		<b>1 - &lt;2,5 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Danger	
CAS: 4719-04-4 EC: 225-208-0 Index: 613-114-00-6 REACH: 01-2119529226-41-XXXX	<b>2,2',2''-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol<sup>(2)</sup></b> Self-classified		<b>0,01 - &lt;0,1 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 1: H330; Acute Tox. 4: H302; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1: H317; STOT RE 1: H372 - Danger	
CAS: 108-95-2 EC: 203-632-7 Index: 604-001-00-2 REACH: 01-2119471329-32-XXXX	<b>Phenol<sup>(3)</sup></b> ATP CLP00		<b>&lt;0,01 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 3: H301+H311+H331; Muta. 2: H341; Skin Corr. 1B: H314; STOT RE 2: H373 - Danger	
CAS: 79-10-7 EC: 201-177-9 Index: 607-061-00-8 REACH: 01-2119452449-31-XXXX	<b>Acrylic Acid<sup>(3)</sup></b> ATP CLP00		<b>&lt;0,01 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H302+H312+H332; Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Corr. 1A: H314 - Danger	

<sup>(1)</sup> Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

<sup>(2)</sup> Voluntarily-listed substance failing to meet any of the criteria set out in Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

<sup>(3)</sup> Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 8, 11, 12, 15 and 16.

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

##### By inhalation:

This product is not classified as hazardous through inhalation. However, in case of intoxication symptoms it is recommended to remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide clean air and keep at rest. Request medical attention if symptoms persist.

##### By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

##### By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

##### By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

The contact and / or ingestion of large quantities can cause:

- From irritation to corrosion of eyes, skin, mucous membranes, respiratory and gastrointestinal tracts.
- Toxic effects at the level of the CNS, headache, disorders of consciousness, amnesia, tremors and convulsion.
- In repeated contacts Allergic dermatitis and pulmonary sensitization.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

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## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

Therapeutic tips for doctors and health personnel:

- In case of ingestion, digestive decontamination according to the state of consciousness.
- Contraindication: Syrup of Ipecac.
- Symptomatic treatment.

## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 Extinguishing media:

Product is non-flammable under normal conditions of storage, manipulation and use, but the product contains flammable substances. In the case of inflammation as a result of improper manipulation, storage or use preferably use polyvalent powder extinguishers (ABC powder), in accordance with the Regulation on fire protection systems. IT IS NOT RECOMMENDED to use tap water as an extinguishing agent.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

#### Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

Danger of explosion. In their mixtures with air, potassium chlorate or zinc powder form highly explosive mixtures with the sulphur. Non-oxidising properties.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid spillage into the aquatic environment as it contains substances potentially dangerous for this. Contain the product absorbed in hermetically sealed containers. In the case of serious spillage into the aquatic environment notify the relevant authority.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions



## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

Avoid the evaporation of the product as it contains flammable substances, which could form flammable vapour/air mixtures in the presence of sources of ignition. Control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks...) and transfer at slow speeds to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Avoid splashes and pulverizations. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated location

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace

Identification		Environmental limits		
Ethanedial CAS: 107-21-1 EC: 203-473-3		IOELV (8h)	20 ppm	52 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		IOELV (STEL)	40 ppm	104 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Phenol CAS: 108-95-2 EC: 203-632-7		IOELV (8h)	2 ppm	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		IOELV (STEL)	4 ppm	16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Acrylic Acid CAS: 79-10-7 EC: 201-177-9		IOELV (8h)	10 ppm	29 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		IOELV (STEL)	20 ppm	59 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### DNEL (Workers):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Ethanedial CAS: 107-21-1 EC: 203-473-3	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	106 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	35 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2,2',2''-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol CAS: 4719-04-4 EC: 225-208-0	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	0,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Phenol CAS: 108-95-2 EC: 203-632-7	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,23 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable

#### DNEL (General population):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Ethanedial CAS: 107-21-1 EC: 203-473-3	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	53 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Phenol CAS: 108-95-2 EC: 203-632-7	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	0,4 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	0,4 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,32 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Acrylic Acid CAS: 79-10-7 EC: 201-177-9	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	3,6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable	3,6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

### PNEC:

Identification				
Ethanediol CAS: 107-21-1 EC: 203-473-3	STP	199,5 mg/L	Fresh water	10 mg/L
	Soil	1,53 mg/kg	Marine water	1 mg/L
	Intermittent	10 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	37 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	3,7 mg/kg
2,2',2''-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol CAS: 4719-04-4 EC: 225-208-0	STP	5,5 mg/L	Fresh water	0,0066 mg/L
	Soil	0,00219 mg/kg	Marine water	0,00066 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,066 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,0304 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	0,00304 mg/kg
Phenol CAS: 108-95-2 EC: 203-632-7	STP	2,1 mg/L	Fresh water	0,0077 mg/L
	Soil	0,136 mg/kg	Marine water	0,00077 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,031 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,0915 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	0,00915 mg/kg
Acrylic Acid CAS: 79-10-7 EC: 201-177-9	STP	0,9 mg/L	Fresh water	0,003 mg/L
	Soil	1 mg/kg	Marine water	0,0003 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,0013 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,0236 mg/kg
	Oral	30 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	0,002346 mg/kg



### 8.2 Exposure controls:

#### A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place



As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Directive 89/686/EC. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

#### B.- Respiratory protection



Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours		EN 405:2001+A1:2009	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

#### C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	Protective gloves against minor risks			Replace gloves in case of any sign of damage. For prolonged periods of exposure to the product for professional users/industrials, we recommend using CE III gloves in line with standards EN 420 and EN 374.

"As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material cannot be predicted in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application"

#### D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Panoramic glasses against splash/projections.		EN 166:2001 EN ISO 4007:2012	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

#### E.- Body protection



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## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
	Work clothing			Replace before any evidence of deterioration. For periods of prolonged exposure to the product for professional/industrial users CE III is recommended, in accordance with the regulations in EN ISO 6529:2001, EN ISO 6530:2005, EN ISO 13688:2013, EN 464:1994.
	Anti-slip work shoes		EN ISO 20347:2012	Replace before any evidence of deterioration. For periods of prolonged exposure to the product for professional/industrial users CE III is recommended, in accordance with the regulations in EN ISO 20345 y EN 13832-1

### F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2002	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2002

### Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

### Volatile organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply):	0,14 % weight
V.O.C. density at 20 °C:	2,03 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (2,03 g/L)
Average carbon number:	3,06
Average molecular weight:	60,9 g/mol

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

#### Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C:	Liquid
Appearance:	Viscous
Colour:	Yellow
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Non-applicable *

#### Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	295 °C
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	90,32 (12,04 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *

#### Product description:

Density at 20 °C:	1430 - 1450 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Relative density at 20 °C:	1,43 - 1,45
Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	1700 - 2500 cP
Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	>20,5 cSt
Concentration:	Non-applicable *

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

pH:	6 - 8 at 1 %
Vapour density at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Solubility in water at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Solubility properties:	Insoluble in water
Decomposition temperature:	Non-applicable *
Melting point/freezing point:	119 °C
Explosive properties:	Not explosive
Oxidising properties:	Not oxidising

### Flammability:

Flash Point:	113 °C
Flammability (solid, gas):	Non-applicable *
Autoignition temperature:	232 °C
Lower flammability limit:	Non-applicable *
Upper flammability limit:	Non-applicable *

### Explosive:

Lower explosive limit:	Non-applicable *
Upper explosive limit:	Non-applicable *

### 9.2 Other information:

Surface tension at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Refraction index:	Non-applicable *

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Precaution	Precaution	Not applicable

### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\*

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

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## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

Contains glycols. It is recommended not to breathe the vapours for prolonged periods of time due to the possibility of effects that are hazardous to the health.

### Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

#### A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.
- Contact with the eyes: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.  
IARC: Phenol (3); Propan-2-ol (3); Acrylic Acid (3)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with mutagenic effects. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Cutaneous: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.

#### F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

### Other information:

Non-applicable

### Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Ethanediol	LD50 oral	500 mg/kg (ATEi)	
CAS: 107-21-1	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
EC: 203-473-3	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L (4 h)	

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

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## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Naphthalenesulfonic acid, methyl-, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt CAS: 81065-51-2 EC: Non-applicable	LD50 oral	4786 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L (4 h)	
Sulfur CAS: 7704-34-9 EC: 231-722-6	LD50 oral	>2000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L (4 h)	
2,2',2''-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol CAS: 4719-04-4 EC: 225-208-0	LD50 oral	1400 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	0,37 mg/L (4 h)	
Phenol CAS: 108-95-2 EC: 203-632-7	LD50 oral	100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	630 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L	
Acrylic Acid CAS: 79-10-7 EC: 201-177-9	LD50 oral	500 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\*

### 12.1 Toxicity:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Species	Genus
Sulfur CAS: 7704-34-9 EC: 231-722-6	LC50	866 mg/L (96 h)	Brachydanio rerio	Fish
	EC50	Non-applicable		
	EC50	Non-applicable		
Ethanediol CAS: 107-21-1 EC: 203-473-3	LC50	53000 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	51000 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	24000 mg/L (168 h)	Selenastrum capricornutum	Algae
Phenol CAS: 108-95-2 EC: 203-632-7	LC50	14 mg/L (96 h)	Leuciscus idus	Fish
	EC50	12 mg/L (24 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	370 mg/L (96 h)	Chlorella vulgaris	Algae
Acrylic Acid CAS: 79-10-7 EC: 201-177-9	LC50	27 mg/L (96 h)	Salmo gairdneri	Fish
	EC50	54 mg/L (24 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	0.13 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
Ethanediol CAS: 107-21-1 EC: 203-473-3	BOD5	0.47 g O <sub>2</sub> /g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	1.29 g O <sub>2</sub> /g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	0.36	% Biodegradable	90 %
2,2',2''-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol CAS: 4719-04-4 EC: 225-208-0	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	50.7 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	8 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	100 %
Phenol CAS: 108-95-2 EC: 203-632-7	BOD5	1.68 g O <sub>2</sub> /g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	2.33 g O <sub>2</sub> /g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	0.72	% Biodegradable	85 %
Acrylic Acid CAS: 79-10-7 EC: 201-177-9	BOD5	0.29 g O <sub>2</sub> /g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	1.41 g O <sub>2</sub> /g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	0.21	% Biodegradable	67,8 %

In the environment a slight oxidation occurs to volatile oxide. In the soil the degradation takes place by microbial reduction.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
Ethanediol CAS: 107-21-1 EC: 203-473-3	BCF	10
	Pow Log	-1.36
	Potential	Low
Phenol CAS: 108-95-2 EC: 203-632-7	BCF	17
	Pow Log	1.48
	Potential	Low
Acrylic Acid CAS: 79-10-7 EC: 201-177-9	BCF	1
	Pow Log	0.35
	Potential	Low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Ethanediol CAS: 107-21-1 EC: 203-473-3	Koc	0	Henry	1,327E-1 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	No
	Surface tension	4,989E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	No
2,2',2''-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol CAS: 4719-04-4 EC: 225-208-0	Koc	10	Henry	1E-6 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	No
	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	No
Phenol CAS: 108-95-2 EC: 203-632-7	Koc	50	Henry	2,2E-2 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	1,847E-2 N/m (231,01 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
Acrylic Acid CAS: 79-10-7 EC: 201-177-9	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
	Surface tension	2,85E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Non-applicable

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

### 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
02 01 08*	agrochemical waste containing hazardous substances	Dangerous

#### Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

#### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommend disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

#### Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)

This product is not regulated for transport (ADR/RID, IMDG, IATA)

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Regulation (EC) No 528/2012: contains a preservative to protect the initial properties of the treated article. Contains 2,2',2''-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol.

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable

Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Non-applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable

Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: 2,2',2''-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol (Product-type 6, 11, 12, 13)

REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

#### Seveso III:

Non-applicable

#### Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc.):

Non-applicable

#### Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

#### Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION \*\*

### Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) No 2015/830)

### Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (SECTION 3, SECTION 11, SECTION 12):

- New declared substances  
2,2',2''-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol (4719-04-4)
- Removed substances  
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one (2634-33-5)

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (SECTION 2, SECTION 16):

- Hazard statements
- Precautionary statements

### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction

### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:



## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

Acute Tox. 1: H330 - Fatal if inhaled  
Acute Tox. 3: H301+H311+H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled  
Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed  
Acute Tox. 4: H302+H312+H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled  
Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life  
Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage  
Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation  
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour  
Muta. 2: H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects  
Skin Corr. 1A: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  
Skin Corr. 1B: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation  
Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction  
STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure  
STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure  
STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral)

### Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

### Principal bibliographical sources:

<http://echa.europa.eu>  
<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

### Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road  
IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code  
IATA: International Air Transport Association  
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation  
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand  
BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand  
BCF: Bioconcentration factor  
LD50: Lethal Dose 50  
LC50: Lethal Concentration 50  
EC50: Effective concentration 50  
Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient  
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

*\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version*

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -